

Free semi-circular system

$$X = (X_1, \dots, X_n) \longrightarrow S = (S_1, \dots, S_n)$$

Free semicircle

$$S_i = l_i + l_i^* \in B(\mathcal{F}(\mathbb{C}^n))$$

$$\mathcal{F}(\mathbb{C}^n) = \mathbb{C}\Omega \oplus \bigoplus_{k=1}^{\infty} (\mathbb{C}^n)^{\otimes k}, \quad \|\Omega\| = 1$$

$\{e_i\}_{i=1}^n$ o.n.b. of \mathbb{C}^n

$$l_i (s_1 \otimes \dots \otimes s_m) = e_i \otimes s_1 \otimes \dots \otimes s_m \quad \forall m \geq 1 \quad l_i \Omega = e_i$$

$\tau(\cdot) = \langle \cdot, \Omega, \Omega \rangle$ is the trace on $W^*(S)$

Isomorphism of full Fock space

$$L^2(W^*(S_1, \dots, S_d), \tau) \cong F(\mathbb{C}^n)$$

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$$\mathbb{C}\langle S_1, \dots, S_d \rangle \cong \text{Falg}(\mathbb{C}^n)$$

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$P(S)$

\longmapsto

$P(S)\Omega$

algebraic
Fock space

$$V_W(S) = U_{k_1}(S_{i_1}) \cdots U_{k_\ell}(S_{i_\ell}) \longleftarrow | e_W = e_{w_1} \otimes e_{w_2} \otimes \cdots \otimes e_{w_m}$$

$$W = i_1^{k_1} \cdots i_\ell^{k_\ell}$$

$$i_1 \neq i_2 \neq i_3 \neq \cdots \neq i_\ell$$

$$W \in [n]^*$$

$$w_1 w_2 \cdots w_m$$

$$w_i \in [n] \setminus \{1, \dots, d\}$$

Thm (Voiculescu 2002)

$$\text{Vect}(\mathbb{C}^S) = \bigoplus_{k=0}^{\infty} \mathcal{X}_k \subset \mathcal{F}(\mathbb{C}^n)^{\oplus n}$$

$$\hat{L^2(W^*(S), \tau)}^{\oplus n}$$

$$\mathcal{X}_k = \left\{ \left[(e_i^* - h_i^*) \delta \right]_{i=1}^n \mid \delta \in [\mathbb{C}^n]^{\otimes k+1} \right\}$$

$$\subset \left[[\mathbb{C}^n]^{\otimes k} \right]^{\oplus n}$$

where $h_i \delta_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \delta_m = \delta_1 \otimes \dots \otimes \delta_m \otimes e_i$

Exercise $f = (s_1^2 + s_2^2)^m \quad m \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \delta_2 f \\ -\delta_1 f \end{pmatrix} \in \text{Vect}(\mathbb{C}^S)$$

A question asked in his lectures

Q. $\dim \mathcal{H}_k = ?$

Set of words of length $k+1$

Thm (Ito-M)

$$\dim \mathcal{H}_k = n^{k+1} -$$

$[n]^{k+1}$

\mathbb{Z}_{k+1}

Cyclic grp

The set of orbits under \mathbb{Z}_{k+1} -action

$$(i_0, i_1, \dots, i_k) \rightarrow (i_k, i_0, i_1, \dots, i_{k-1})$$

Proof of our result

We focus on $\delta^S(\langle S_1, \dots, S_n \rangle)$ rather than

$\text{Vect}(\mathbb{C}\langle n \mid t \rangle)$

Thm (Voiculescu 2002)

left creations

$$\delta^S(\langle S_1, \dots, S_n \rangle) \Omega^{\oplus n} = \delta^{\ell}(\langle \ell_1, \dots, \ell_n \rangle) \Omega^{\oplus n}$$

$$u = u_1 \dots u_{k+1} \quad \ell u_1 \ell u_2 \dots \ell u_{k+1}$$

$$\bigoplus_{k=0}^{\infty} \mathcal{Z}_k$$

$$\mathcal{Z}_k = \text{span} \left\{ \delta \ell u \Omega^{\oplus n} \mid u \in (n)^{k+1} \right\}$$

$\sum_{|w|=k}$

$$\mathcal{X}_k = \left[(\mathbb{C}^n)^{\otimes k} \right]^{\oplus h} \ominus \mathcal{Z}_k$$

$$\text{Vect} \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \mathcal{X}_k \right) = \bigoplus_{k=0}^{\infty} \mathcal{X}_k$$

$$\dim \mathcal{X}_k = h^{k+1} - \dim \mathcal{Z}_k$$

Thus we want to show

$$\dim \mathcal{Z}_k = \left| \frac{[h]^{k+1}}{[k+1]} \right| \quad \forall k$$

Observation δ is invariant under cyclic permutation

$$\delta l_{u_0} \dots l_{u_k} = \delta l_{u_k} l_{u_0} \dots l_{u_{k-1}}$$

We can define the map

$$\begin{array}{c} [n]^{k+1} \\ \nearrow \pi_{k+1} \end{array} \rightarrow [n] \mapsto \delta l_u \in (\mathbb{C} \langle l_1, \dots, l_n \rangle)^n$$